A Review on DES, AES and Blowfish for Image Encryption & Decryption

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Abstract: -Network Security is the most vital component in information security because it is responsible for securing all information passed through networked computers. [1] In this paper we discuss and survey DES, AES and Blowfish for Image Encryption and Decryption. In today's world it is a crucial concern that while transfer image from one network to another network over the internet, the proper encryption and decryption should be applied so that unauthorized access can be prevented. For this we will survey related researches and done some problem identification and suggest some future suggestion which can be useful for image encryption.

Keywords: -DES, Blowfish, AES, Image Encryption.

I INTRODUCTION

Cryptography & Network Security is a concept to protect network and data transmission over wireless network. Data Security is the main aspect of secure data transmission over unreliable network. Data Security is a challenging issue of data communications today that touches many areas including secure communication channel, strong data encryption technique and trusted third party to maintain the database. The conventional methods of encryption can only maintain the data security [1]. Cryptography is a key technology in electronic key systems. It is used to keep data secret, digitally sign documents, access control and so forth.[2] The terms used in cryptography are plain image, cipher (encrypted image), encryption, decryption and Alice, Bob, and Eve. A process of converting Plain image into Cipher (encrypted image) is called as Encryption. Cryptography uses the encryption technique to send confidential messages through an insecure channel. Encryption takes place at the sender side. A reverse process of encryption is called as Decryption. It is a process of converting Cipher (encrypted image) into Original image. Cryptography uses the decryption technique at the receiver side to obtain the original message from non-readable message. [3]

II LITERATURE SURVEY

Rathod et al. [6] mainly focus on security management. He used the HIEA(Hyper Image encryption Algorithm), which is combination of image permutation. Also, introduce a new permutation technique based on the combination of image permutation and a new developed encryption algorithm called "Hyper Image Encryption Algorithm (HIEA)". From the selected image we will binary value blocks, which will be rearrange into a permuted image using a permutation process, and then the generated image will be encrypted using the "Hyper Image Encryption Algorithm (HIEA)" algorithm.

Acharya et al 2009 [7] proposed a novel advanced Hill (AdvHill) encryption technique which uses an involuntary key matrix. The scheme is a fast encryption scheme which overcomes problems of encrypting the images with homogeneous background. A comparative study of the proposed encryption scheme and the existing scheme is made. The output encrypted images reveal that the proposed technique is quite reliable and robust.

Subasree et al. 2010 [8] uses a three cryptographic primitives such as integrity, confidentiality and authentication. These three primitives can be achieved with the help of Elliptic Curve Cryptography, Dual-RSA algorithm and Message Digest MD5. That is it uses Elliptic Curve Cryptography for encryption, Dual-RSA algorithm for authentication and MD-5 for integrity. This new security protocol has been designed for better security with integrity using a combination of both symmetric and asymmetric cryptographic techniques.

Afaf et al. 2011 [9] introduces a new method to enhance the performance of the Blowfish Algorithm. This is done by building a new structure for the 16 rounds in the original algorithm by replacing the OR operation with a new introduced operation. This structure makes use of multiple secrete keys. The principle of Cellular Automata (CA) is used to generate these multiple keys in a simple and effective way. The proposed method provides high quality encryption, and the system is very resistant to attempts of breaking the cryptography key.

Anand et al. 2012 [10] mainly focuses on two commonly used symmetric encryption algorithms such as Blowfish and Rejindael. These algorithms are compared and performance is evaluated. Experimental results are given to demonstrate the performance of these algorithms.

Qaid et al. 2012 [11] aims at improving the level of security and secrecy provided by the digital color signalbased image encryption. The image encryption and decryption algorithm is designed and implemented to provide confidentiality and security in transmission of the image based data as well as in storage. This new proposed encryption algorithm can ensure the lossless of transmissions of images. The proposed encryption algorithm in this study has been tested on some images and showed good results.

Sahu et al. 2012 [12] presents image encryption/decryption scheme using biometric template (Palm Print). The proposed scheme is especially useful for

encryption of large amounts of data, such as digital images using proposed key generation algorithm. This scheme satisfies the characters of convenient realization, less computation complexity and good security. The salient features of the proposed image encryption method are lossless, asymmetric public key encryption, a very large number of secret keys, and key-dependent pixel value replacement.

Lalit et al. 2013 [13] provides a fair comparison between five most common and used symmetric and asymmetric key algorithms: Two fish & Blowfish, IB_mRSA, RSA, RC. A comparison has been made on the basis of these parameters: rounds block size, key size, and encryption/decryption time, CPU process time in the form of throughput. These results show that IB_mRSA is more suitable than other algorithms. Simulation program is implemented using C#.NET programming.

Mahajan et al. 2013 [14] implemented three encrypt techniques like AES, DES and RSA algorithms and compared their performance of encrypt techniques based on the analysis of its stimulated time at the time of encryption and decryption. Experiments results are given to analyses the effectiveness of each algorithm.

Chandel et al. 2013 [5] discusses and survey several aspects of Image Encryption and Decryption. In today's era it is a crucial concern that proper encryption decryption should be applied so that unauthorized access can be prevented. For this we will survey related researches and done some problem identification. Based on our survey we suggest some future suggestion which can be useful for image encryption.

Pakshwar et al. 2013 [15] survey of Different Image Encryption and encryption techniques that are existing is given. It additionally focuses on the functionality of Image encryption and decryption techniques.

Saraf et al. 2014 [16] implements the text and image encryption and decryption using AES. If the images have large data size and also has real time constrain problem hence similar method cannot be used to protect images as well as text from unauthorized access. However with few variations in method AES can be used to protect image as well as text.

III PROBLEM DOMAIN

After discussing several research works we can come with some problem area in the traditional approaches which are following:

1. There is research work done on DES, AES and Blowfish algorithm for text simulation. [4]

2. Several research works had been done in the image encryption and decryption earlier, but with the help of DES, AES and Blowfish algorithm for image encryption and decryption we can reduce the encryption and decryption time by using latest tool i.e. NetBeans IDE 7.4. 3. The algorithms must support color image data with logical key.

4. It can be applied on Network Communication for sending encrypted images. So it can be useful in the military services.[5]

IV COMPARISON AND ANALYSIS
Performance analysis and comparison of DES, AES and
Blowfish symmetric key cryptography algorithms:

Factor	DES	AES	Blowfish
Encryption	Slow	Fast	Fast
Decryption	Slow	Fast	Fast
Key Size	56 bits	128, 192, 256 bits	32-448 bits
Round	16	10,12,14	16
Speed depends on Key	Yes	Yes	No
Security	Insecure	Secure	Believed secured, but less Attempted cryptanalysis than other algorithms.
Hardware and software implementation	Designed for hardware and quite slow in software	Fast in both in hardware and software.	Designed for software.

V CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

Network Security is the most vital component in information security because it is responsible for securing all information passed through networked computers. In this paper we survey and analyze several image encryption and decryption techniques. On the basis of our study we find the problem formulation as well as analysis.

In this paper we survey the DES, AES and Blowfish algorithms to enhance the performance and encryption and decryption time of the image. Our future work will focus on compared and analyzed existing cryptographic algorithm like AES, DES and blowfish It will include experiments on audio and video and focus will be to improve encryption time and decryption time.

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